



SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 453/2010)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: RECHARGE POUR DIFFUSEUR DE PARFUM JASMIN

Product code: E06005I.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

AIR FRESHENER

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: AEROCHEM.

Address: ZA TOUCHEMORIN.35420.LA BAZOUGE DU DESERT.FRANCE.

Telephone: +33 (0)2 99 98 11 03. Fax: +33 (0)2 99 98 15 33.

Site : www.aerochem.fr

1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA <http://www.centres-antipoison.net>.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with directives 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC and their amendments.

Extremely flammable.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

May produce an allergic reaction.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

In compliance with directives 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC and their amendments.

Hazard symbols:



Extremely flammable

Contains:

Contains EC 204-262-9 BENZYL SALICYLATE. May produce an allergic reaction.

Risk phrase:

R 12

Extremely flammable.

R 66

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Safety phrase:

S 16

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S 2

Keep out of the reach of children.

S 46

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

S 51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.
S 23 Ne pas respirer les aérosols.

2.3. Other hazards

No data available.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

No substances fulfil the criteria set forth in annexe II section A of the REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006.

3.2. Mixtures

Composition :

Identification	Name	Classification	%
INDEX: 649-203-00-1 CAS: 68476-86-8 EC: 270-705-8	PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED, SWEETENED PETROLEUM GAS [A COMPLEX COMBINATION OF HYDROCARBONS OBTAINED BY SUBJECTING LIQUEFIED PETROLEUMGAS MIX TO A SWEETENING PROCESS TO CONVERT MERCAPTANS OR TO REMOVE ACIDIC IMPURITIES. IT CONSISTS OF HYDROCARBONS HAVING C	GHS04, GHS02 F+ H:220 R: 12 NOTA: H K S	50 <= x % < 100
CAS: 90622-58-5 EC: 292-460-6	ALCANES EN C11-15, ISO-	GHS08, Dgr Xn H:304 EUH:066 R: 65-66 NOTA: 4	25 <= x % < 50
INDEX: 603-117-00-0 CAS: 67-63-0 EC: 200-661-7 REACH: 01-2119457558-25	PROPAN-2-OL	GHS02, GHS07, Dgr Xi,F H:225-319-336 R: 11-36-67	2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 118-58-1 EC: 204-262-9	BENZYL SALICYLATE	GHS09, GHS07, Wng Xi,N H:317-411 R: 43-51/53	0 <= x % < 1

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.
NEVER induce swallowing in an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with soft, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital

In the event of swallowing:

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

In the event of fire, use specifically suitable extinguishing agents. Never use water.

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water
- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non fire-fighters

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For fire-fighters

Fire-fighters will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

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6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

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No smoking.

Apply in short pulses, without pressing down for long periods.

Do not breathe spray.

Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth

The mixture can become electrostatically charged: always earth during decanting operations. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and floors should be electrically conductive.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations

Never pour water into this mixture.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position

Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Stock between +5°C and + 30°C in well ventilated area.

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Storage

Keep out of reach of children

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
67-63-0	200 ppm	400 ppm	-	-	-

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 21/06/2010):

CAS	VME:	VME:	Excess	Notes
67-63-0	200 ml/m3	500 mg/m3	2(II)	DFG, Y

- France (INRS - ED984:2007 and French Order of 30/06/2004):

CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No.:
67-63-0	-	-	400	980	-	84

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

- Hand protection

Protective creams may be used for exposed skin, but they should not be applied after contact with the product.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Type of FFP mask:

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149.

Category:

FFP1, FFP2 ou FFP3

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information:

Physical state:

fluid liquid

Odour:

spray

spray

JASMINE

booster

pressure to 20°C : 2.5 bars

colorless liquid propellant /
explosive characteristics (%vol) :
1.8 - 9.5

Important health, safety and environmental information:

PH of the substance or preparation:

not relevant.

The pH is impossible to measure or its value is not relevant.

Boiling point/boiling range:

<= 35°C

Flash point interval:

Flash point < 0°C

Vapour pressure:

Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).

Density:

< 1

Water solubility:

Insoluble.

Viscosity:

$\nu < 7 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ (40°C)

9.2. Other information

No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

Avoid storing more than 2 years

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid:

- heating

- heat

- humidity

Protect from moisture. Reaction with water can cause an exothermic reaction.

Keep away from oxidizing agent, acids or base

Keep away from sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- water

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

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Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

May cause irritation.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

N/A

Monographie(s) du CIRC (Centre International de Recherche sur le Cancer) :

CAS 67-63-0 : CIRC Groupe 3 : L'agent est inclassable quant à sa cancérogénicité pour l'homme.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

- Probably harmful to aquatic organisms.

Substances

No aquatic toxicity data available for the substances.

Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK):

WGK 3 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws): Extremely hazardous for water.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

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Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2009 - IMDG 2008 - ICAO/IATA 2011).

Classification:



under quantity limited, sprays are able to be transport without label and notification. See concern control régulation. For this régulation, ADR wants a diamond UN 1950 print on the box and "spray" mention.

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	LQ2	190 327 625	E0	2	D

IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ
	2.1	SP63	-	SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190 277 327 959	E0

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	2.1	-	-	Forbidden	Forbidden	203	150 kg	A1 A145 A167	E0
	2.1	-	-	Forbidden	Forbidden	-	-	A1 A145 A167	E0

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Particular provisions:

No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK):

Germany: WGK 3 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Title for H, EUH and R indications mentioned in section 3:

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340	May cause genetic defects .
H350	May cause cancer .
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R 11	Highly flammable.
R 12	Extremely flammable.
R 36	Irritating to eyes.
R 43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R 51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R 65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R 66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R 67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Abbreviations:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).